




mNARX - A novel surrogate model for the uncertainty quantification of dynamical systems

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mNARX - A novel surrogate model for the uncertainty quantification of dynamical systems

EURODYN 2023

S. Schär, S. Marelli, B. Sudret

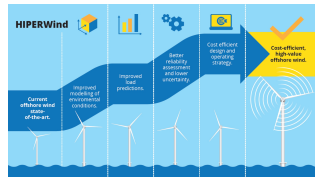
July 4, 2023



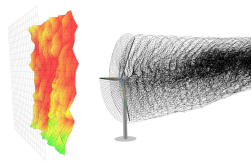
Motivation

Uncertainty quantification of (offshore) wind turbines

- ▶ Design for ultimate and fatigue limit state
- ▶ Subject to wind loads with high aleatory uncertainty
- ▶ Responses are time series



<https://www.hiperwind.eu>



Modified from Perez-Becker et al. (2021). Energies 14(3):783.

Many runs of computationally expensive simulators required.
Need a fast surrogate!

Surrogate modelling for dynamical systems

Setup

- ▶ **Computational model** \mathcal{M} with time-dependent **exogenous input** x and **output** y :

$$x : \mathcal{T} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^M, y : \mathcal{T} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

- ▶ Discrete **time axis** $\mathcal{T} = \{0, \delta t, 2\delta t, \dots, N\delta t\}$

Objective

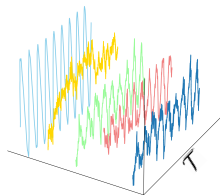
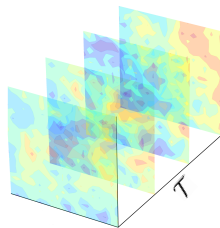
- ▶ Replace computational model with a **fast-to-evaluate surrogate** $\hat{\mathcal{M}}$

$$y(t) = \mathcal{M}(x(\mathcal{T} \leq t)) \approx \tilde{\mathcal{M}}(x(\mathcal{T} \leq t))$$

- ▶ Surrogate is built on a limited number of model runs ($\approx \mathcal{O}(10^2)$)

Challenge

- ▶ High-dimensional input
- ▶ Highly nonlinear and non-smooth response



Multistep surrogate modelling

Rationale

- ▶ Using the original input can result in a complex nonlinear problem
- ▶ Constructing the surrogate on a **more informative manifold** $\zeta \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times M_\zeta}$ can simplify the problem:

$$\tilde{\mathcal{M}} : \zeta(\mathcal{T} \leq t) \rightarrow y(t) \text{ where } \zeta = \mathcal{F}(x)$$

We propose

Manifold Nonlinear AutoRegressive with eXogenous input (mNARX) modelling - A multistep surrogate modelling approach

1) Input preprocessing	2) Manifold construction	3) Surrogate training
<ul style="list-style-type: none">▶ Dealing with high dimensionality in x▶ Upsampling, scaling, etc.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▶ Incremental process▶ Incorporate prior knowledge of the system	<ul style="list-style-type: none">▶ Built on the manifold▶ Use of autoregressive surrogate

S. Schär et al. (2023). Emulating the dynamics of complex systems using autoregressive models on manifolds (mNARX)

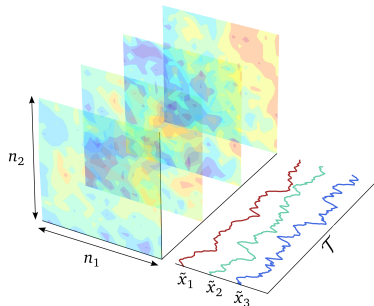
Input preprocessing

Reduce dimensionality of the system excitation x along **non-temporal coordinates**:

$$\tilde{x} = \mathcal{G}(x)$$

where $x \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times M}$ and $\tilde{x} \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times m}$ such that $m \ll M$

- ▶ **Original time scale** \mathcal{T} is preserved
- ▶ E.g. N-dimensional discrete cosine transform (DCT)
- ▶ Many more methods available



ARX modelling

AutoRegressive with eXogenous inputs (ARX) models **predict** new values of a **time series** based on

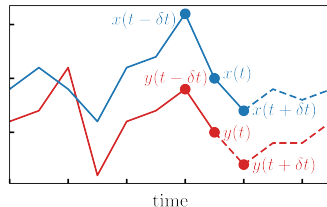
- ▶ Past values of the same series
- ▶ Current and past values of exogenous time series

$$\hat{y}(t + \delta t) = \tilde{\mathcal{M}}(\hat{y}(t), \hat{y}(t - \delta t), \dots), x(t + \delta t), x(t), x(t - \delta t), \dots)$$

Polynomial nonlinear ARX models are well-established

S. A. Billings (2013). Nonlinear system identification

- ▶ Simple parametrization
- ▶ Training takes just a few seconds
- ▶ Very fast to evaluate



Manifold construction

- ▶ Manifold ζ includes of features z_i called **auxiliary quantities**:

$$\zeta = \{\mathbf{x}, z_1, \dots, z_n\}$$

- ▶ Auxiliary quantities are **constructed incrementally**

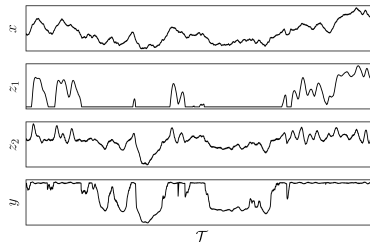
$$z_1(t) = \mathcal{F}_1(\mathbf{x}(\mathcal{T} \leq t), z_1(\mathcal{T} < t))$$

$$z_2(t) = \mathcal{F}_2(z_1(\mathcal{T} \leq t), \mathbf{x}(\mathcal{T} \leq t), z_2(\mathcal{T} < t))$$

$$\vdots$$

$$z_n(t) = \mathcal{F}_n(z_1(\mathcal{T} \leq t), \dots, z_{n-1}(\mathcal{T} \leq t), \mathbf{x}(\mathcal{T} \leq t), z_n(\mathcal{T} < t))$$

- ▶ Transform \mathcal{F} can be an ARX model
- ▶ Auxiliary quantities can depend on each other
- ▶ E.g. control system outputs, moving averages or integrals/derivatives

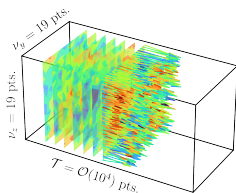


Case study

Input **turbulence box**

$$\mathbf{v} : \mathcal{T} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^{\nu_w \times \nu_y \times \nu_z}$$

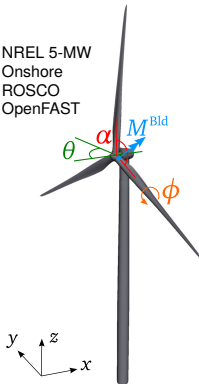
- *Movie* of wind speeds
- Wind speed components ν_w
- Discrete spatial grid $\nu_y \times \nu_z$



Computational model

Turbine
Type
Controller
Simulator

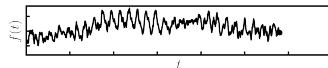
NREL 5-MW
Onshore
ROSCO
OpenFAST



Quantity of interest

$$M^{\text{Bld}} : \mathcal{T} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

- **Flapwise blade root bending moment** M^{Bld}
- Sensitive to blade pitch ϕ and azimuth α



mNARX for wind turbine simulations

1. Reduce turbulence box to low frequency **spatial coefficients**:

$$\xi(t) = \text{DCT}(v_x(t))$$

2. Build surrogate for **blade pitch**:

$$\hat{\phi}(t) = \tilde{\mathcal{M}}(\xi(\mathcal{T} \leq t), \hat{\phi}(\mathcal{T} < t))$$

3. Build surrogate for **rotor speed**:

$$\hat{\omega}(t) = \tilde{\mathcal{M}}(\xi(\mathcal{T} \leq t), \hat{\phi}(\mathcal{T} \leq t), \hat{\omega}(\mathcal{T} < t))$$

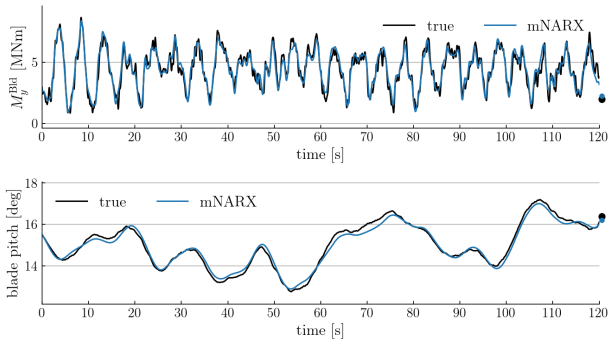
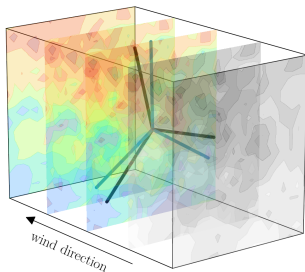
4. Reconstruct **rotor azimuth** α and its **harmonics** h :

$$\hat{\alpha}(t) = \int_0^t \hat{\omega}(\tau) d\tau \text{ and } \hat{h} = \{\cos(\hat{\alpha}), \dots, \cos(4\hat{\alpha}), \dots, \sin(\hat{\alpha}), \dots, \sin(4\hat{\alpha})\}$$

5. Build **final surrogate**:

$$\hat{M}^{\text{Bld}}(t) = \tilde{\mathcal{M}}(\xi(\mathcal{T} \leq t), \hat{\phi}(\mathcal{T} \leq t), \hat{h}(\mathcal{T} \leq t), \hat{M}^{\text{Bld}}(\mathcal{T} < t))$$

Final surrogate performance



Summary & Conclusion

- ▶ Surrogating complex dynamical systems following a **multistep approach** can be beneficial since
 - even **simple model structures** can yield accurate results
 - it allows to **incorporate prior knowledge**
 - it requires relatively few data ($\mathcal{O}(10^2)$ 10-min simulations used)
- ▶ The surrogate provides **stable predictions** in time (no drift) over a wide range of operating conditions and long time horizons
- ▶ Huge speedup: $\mathcal{O}(10^4)$ faster than the simulator
- ▶ mNARX is a **universal algorithm** that is not restricted to wind turbine simulations
- ▶ **Automating construction** of mNARX surrogate is work in progress



Chair of Risk, Safety & Uncertainty Quantification

www.rsuq.ethz.ch



Read the preprint 



Read the EU report 

The Uncertainty Quantification Software

www.uqlab.com



www.uqpylab.uq-cloud.io



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